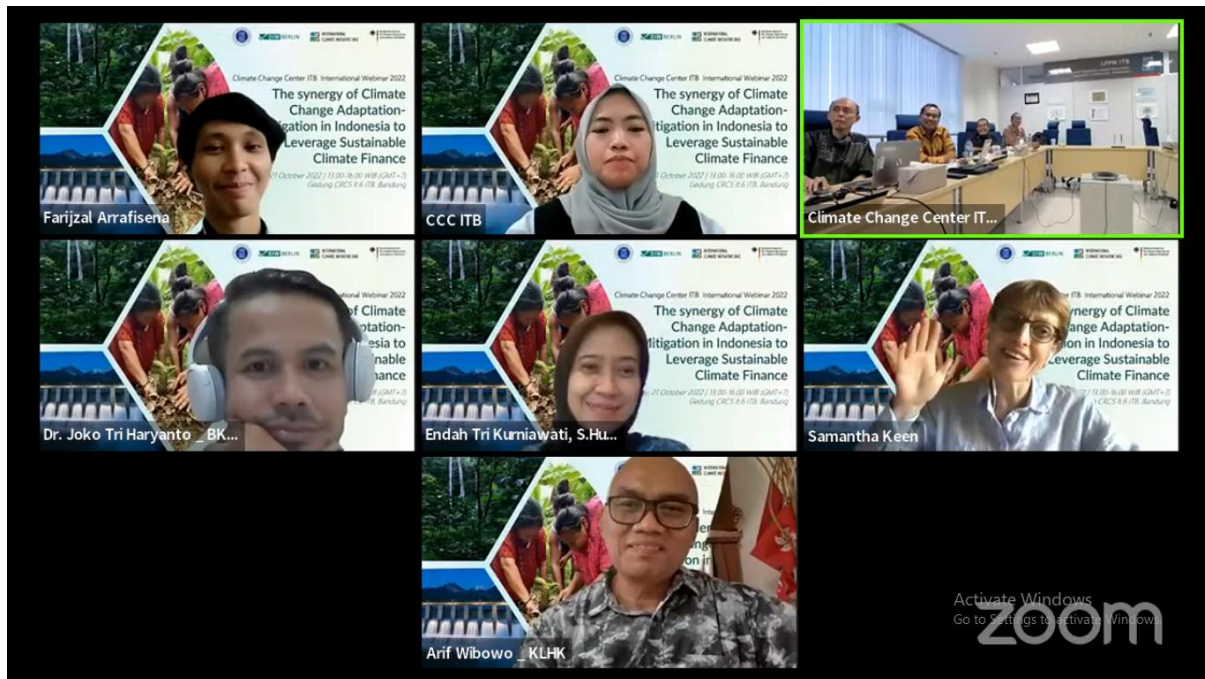


International Webinar - The synergy of Climate Change Adaptation-Mitigation in Indonesia to Leverage Sustainable Finance



The speakers and discussant during the webinar

Youtube Link : <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YRGf8nsGOOM&t=5902s>

On October 21, 2022, the Climate Change Center of Bandung Institute of Technology (CCC-ITB) successfully held an international webinar, "The synergy of Climate Change Adaptation-Mitigation in Indonesia to Leverage Sustainable Finance." This webinar is a four-year collaborative research project funded by the Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, and Nuclear Safety (BMU). The fund was channeled through the International Climate Initiative (IKI) on Strengthening national climate policy implementation: Comparative Empirical Learning & Creating Linkage to Climate Finance (SNAPFI). This collaborative research is led by Deutsches Institut für Wirtschaftsforschung e.V., (DIW) Berlin and involved four other institution partners from India, South Africa, Brazil, and the E.U.

This webinar was a series of outreach activities to disseminate the results of the national study on adaptation Year 2 (Y2). This webinar will seek information from stakeholders regarding the extent of the implementation of climate change adaptation-mitigation synergies that have been sought to support the achievement of NDC targets. Starting from concern about the large gap in the availability/allocation of funds for climate change adaptation and mitigation, ITB intends to: (a) Disseminate the results and findings of the CCC-ITB study in the second year: National Study on Adaptation: Enabling Conditions and Advantages of Synergy between Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation to Stimulate Implementation of NDC, and (b) build a shared understanding of the role of relevant stakeholders in mitigation-adaptation synergies to increase sustainable climate finance.

This webinar consists of two sessions. The first session, "Potential Synergy in Climate Change Adaptation-Mitigation," was opened by Prof. Djoko Santoso Abi Suroso, Ph.D. (head of CCC-ITB and the SNAPFI ITB Team Scientific Lead), who introduced the SNAPFI project and the purpose of the webinar. A presentation of the findings of the national study on adaptation Y2 by Dadang Hilman, MA (SNAPFI ITB Team), followed the session. Then Ir. Arif Wibowo, M.Sc. (Associate Expert Policy Analyst),

representing the Director of Climate Change Adaptation, Ministry of Environment and Forestry, talked about how synergy is known. However, the practice has just started at the community level. Therefore the hope was to create planned activities in a joint adaptation-mitigation (JAM) way. Lastly, Kamia Handayani, Ph.D. (Vice President for Climate Change and Safeguard - PT PLN), talked about her thesis on the linkage between the energy sector and climate change.

Then the second session was a talk show with the topic "Funding Opportunities for Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation," led by Dr. Eng. Budhi Setiawan, S.T, M.T from the SNAPFI ITB Team, as a discussion moderator. The session consisted of several speakers, first was Samantha Keen (Researcher from the University of Cape Town), who explained related to adaptation-mitigation synergy projects that had been carried out and the challenges in tapping funding for adaptation projects. The second was Dr. Joko Tri Haryanto (Associate Policy Analyst - Fiscal Policy Agency), who explained Indonesia's commitment to enhancing NDC documents and the composition of adaptation and mitigation activities in Indonesia. The last speaker was Endah Tri Kurniawati, S.Hut., ME., MPA (Director of Fund Collection and Development - Indonesian Environment Fund (BPDLH)), who explained the role and scope of work of BPDLH, potential synergies for adaptation and mitigation and funding opportunities.

This webinar showed that the synergy practices of climate change adaptation and mitigation had started to be practiced but still require solid regulations and policies to encourage implementation. Meanwhile, several funding opportunities for synergies are already available from the financial side. To leverage these synergies, utilizing several funding instruments, such as blended schemes or product structures, is necessary. These findings become essential input for the following adaptation study.